Pasvalys Lithuania



# **Polygon (Estonia)**

# TASK

Write a program to find a convex polygon whose sides have the given lengths.

In this task, we consider a polygon to be convex if all its inner angles are strictly greater than 0 degrees and strictly less than 180 degrees.

### INPUT

The input file name is POLY.IN. The first line of the file contains an integer N, the number of vertices of the polygon ( $3 \le N \le 1000$ ). Each of the following N lines contains an integer  $a_i$ , the length of one side of the polygon ( $1 \le a_i \le 10,000$ ).

### OUTPUT

If the desired polygon can be constructed, the output file POLY.OUT should contain exactly *N* lines. Each line should contain two real numbers  $x_i$  and  $y_i$  ( $|x_i| \le 10,000,000$ ,  $|y_i| \le 10,000,000$ ) such that by connecting the points ( $x_i$ ,  $y_i$ ) and ( $x_{i+1}$ ,  $y_{i+1}$ ) for all  $1 \le i < N$ and additionally the points ( $x_N$ ,  $y_N$ ) and ( $x_1$ ,  $y_1$ ) with line segments, we obtain a convex polygon. The lengths of the line segments must be equal to the numbers given in the input file, but not necessarily in the same order.

The vertices of the constructed polygon can be listed either clockwise or counterclockwise.

If the polygon cannot be constructed, print NO SOLUTION on the single line of the output file.

# EXAMPLE

INPUT	OUTPUT	
4	0.5	2.5
7	7.5	2.5
4	4.5	6.5
5	0.5	6.5
4		



# GRADING

The grading program considers two lengths equal if they differ by less than 0.001. Any standard floating point format is acceptable.